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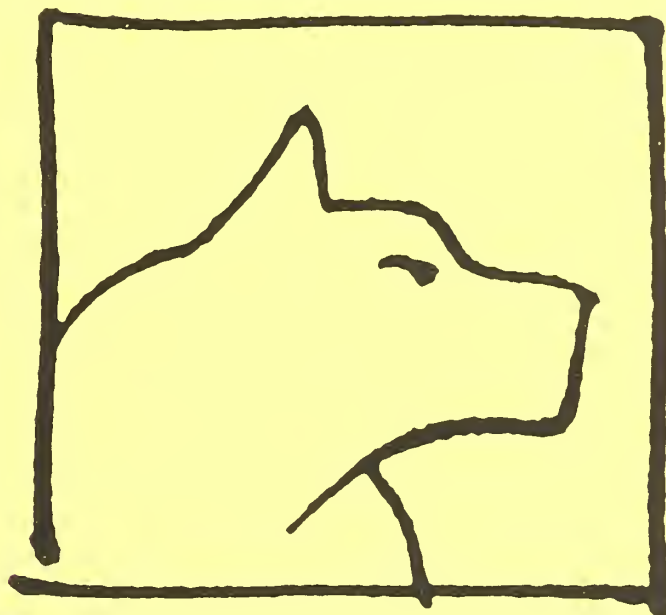


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# Animal Welfare Legislation: Bills and Public Laws, 1990

AWIC Series #4 (Annual Report)



1991  
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1991



# **Animal Welfare Legislation: Bills and Public Laws, 1990**

**AWIC Series #4 (Annual Report)  
Updates AWIC Series #4 (Preliminary Report)**

**Karen J. Clingerman  
Animal Welfare Information Center**



**Animal  
Welfare**

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This document provides a listing of the animal welfare legislation which was introduced into the 101st Congress during 1990 and is part of the "Animal Welfare Legislation: Bills and Public Laws" series. The series consists of annual listings of animal welfare-related legislation and preliminary listings throughout the year. Three preliminary legislation listings are printed for January-March, April-June, and July-September. The annual listing is a compilation of the preliminary reports, including any legislation introduced or acted upon during the period of October-December.

The status of bills which were introduced in the 101st Congress now changes to "died" with the commencement of the 102nd Congress. In order for action to take place on any bill it must be resubmitted to the new congress.

Bills and public laws from the present congress may be requested by contacting the following offices:

Senate Document Room  
B-04 Hart Senate Office Bldg.  
Washington, D.C. 20510  
(202) 224-7860

House Document Room  
B-18, Annex #2  
Washington, D.C. 20515  
(202) 225-3456

Bills and public laws from previous congresses may be obtained from the Library of Congress.





# **Animal Welfare Legislation: Bills and Public Laws 1990**

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# ANIMAL WELFARE LEGISLATION: BILLS SUBMITTED TO THE 101st CONGRESS 1990

## Agricultural Animals

1. October 18, 1990; H.R. 5857.

*To reimburse cattle owners in Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, and North Dakota and the governments of those States for expenses incurred to test cattle for brucellosis organisms carried outside certain units of the National Park System by elk and bison, and for other purposes.*

Because free roaming elk and bison cross over into private lands, and fifty percent of the bison harvested outside of Yellowstone National Park during the winter of 1989 tested positive for the brucellosis organism, the Secretary of the Interior shall reimburse cattle owners for the cost of brucellosis testing. Brucellosis is very infectious and causes cows to abort calves. Animals infected with brucellosis must be destroyed to ensure herds are kept disease free.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Interior and Insular Affairs.

SPONSOR: Craig.

STATUS: No action.

RELATED BILLS: S. 1767 October 1989.

2. June 14, 1990; H.R. 5045.

*To establish national standards for, and provide for the labeling of, organically produced products, and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**Organic Foods National Standards Act of 1990**". Section 114 discusses animal production practices. To be organically certified, a farm that produces livestock shall not use synthetic pesticides, synthetic parasiticides on a routine basis, or subtherapeutic doses of antibiotics. Also, practices shall not include the administration of medication other than vaccines in the absence of illness; and vaccines must be administered forward of the shoulder area. A farm will not be certified if the drinking water provided for livestock is determined to be contaminated.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Agriculture.

SPONSOR: Condit.

STATUS: No action.

RELATED BILLS: H.R. 4156 March 1990.

3. April 18, 1990; **H.R. 3048**.  
*To designate the Agricultural Research Service, United States Department of Agriculture, animal research building in Clay Center, Nebraska, as the "Virginia D. Smith Animal Health Research Laboratory".*

The Agricultural Research Service, United States Department of Agriculture, animal health research building located at the Roman L. Hruska United States Meat Animal Research Center in Clay Center, Nebraska, is designated as the "Virginia D. Smith Animal Health Research Laboratory". Any reference to this facility should be considered a reference to the "Virginia D. Smith Animal Health Research Laboratory".

SPONSOR: Roberts.

SENATE COMMITTEE: Environment and Public Works.

STATUS: Passed the House of Representatives May 1, 1990.

4. April 4, 1990; **H.R. 4473**.  
*To make persons who are nationals of countries that are members of the European Community ineligible to certify products produced outside the United States for compliance with standards and requirements established by the Food and Drug Administration for medical devices, electronic products, infant formula, animal feeds and drugs, drugs intended for human use, food, and color additives until the Secretary of Commerce certifies that the European Community is setting product standards and requirements in an open and fair manner and has established equitable rules for testing and certifying products for compliance with product standards and requirements.*

Until the Secretary of Commerce determines that European Community countries are in compliance with FDA requirements and standards, nationals from those countries may not certify any product, including animal feeds or drugs, produced outside the United States.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Energy and Commerce.

SPONSOR: Gejdenson.

STATUS: No action.

5. March 30, 1990; **S. 2372**.  
*To extend and revise agricultural price support and related programs, to provide for resource conservation and agricultural research, and to provide consumers a reliable supply of food and fiber at reasonable prices, and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**Agricultural Recovery Act of 1990**". Section 1302 amends the Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act by declaring the eradication of brucellosis a national emergency. Further, the use of Commodity Credit Corporation funds are designated for use in eradicating this disease from the continental United States.

SENATE COMMITTEE: Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

SPONSOR: Burns.

STATUS: No action.

6. March 27, 1990; S. 2346.

*To prohibit certain practices in the raising of calves, and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**Veal Calf Protection Act of 1990**". This bill is similar to H.R. 84 except the pen size requirements (the length of the calf plus six inches) have been omitted. Housing requirements in this bill require that the calf be able to turn around, lie with its legs outstretched, and groom itself. Dietary requirements include sufficient iron and digestible fibre. Calves may not be chained or tethered. Enforcement now falls under subsections (b) and (d) of section 19 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2131 et seq.). The term calf is now defined as the offspring of a cow under six months of age raised specifically to be slaughtered for veal.

SENATE COMMITTEE: Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

SPONSOR: Reid.

STATUS: No action.

RELATED BILLS: H.R. 84 January 1989,  
H.R. 2859 July 1987.

7. March 9, 1990; S. 2292.

*To extend and revise agricultural price support and related programs, to provide for agricultural export, resource conservation, farm credit, and agricultural research and related programs, to continue food assistance to low-income persons, to ensure consumers an abundance of food and fiber at reasonable prices, and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**Food Security Act of 1990**". Title 17 Subtitle B discusses Animal Health Protection. Livestock animals which carry communicable diseases and have been imported to the United States may be destroyed. Restrictions on importation of livestock may be imposed if the animals are unfit for transport, carry communicable diseases or if the vessel does not allow for the safe and proper transport or humane treatment of the livestock. Unloaded animals must be fed, watered and rested. Animals may not be transported in excess of 28 consecutive hours without being unloaded. Animals must then be unloaded for a period of at least five consecutive hours during which they should be fed, watered, and rested in an appropriate enclosure.

SENATE COMMITTEE: Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

SPONSOR: Lugar.

STATUS: No action.

8. February 7, 1990; **H.R. 4004.**

*To amend section 201(e) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 to prohibit the sale, during a three-year period, of milk produced by cows injected with bovine growth hormone, and to require that the Secretary of Agriculture issue rules requiring records to be kept by producers regarding the manufacture and sale of bovine growth hormone during such period, and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**Bovine Growth Hormone Moratorium Act of 1990**". It is unlawful for a person to market milk in the United States from a cow which was injected with bovine growth hormone. Persons selling bovine growth hormone or injecting the hormone into cows must maintain records which stipulate the quantity and source of the bovine growth hormone, the date it was obtained, and the identity of the individuals to whom the hormone was sold or distributed, the cows into which the hormone was injected, and any individual who owns or has any operator interests in such cows. A study is to be conducted on the effects of bovine growth hormone on the cows injected with the hormone, humans who consume milk from cows treated with the hormone, and the profitability of producers who sell the treated milk.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Referred jointly to Agriculture and Energy and Commerce.

SPONSOR: Smith.

STATUS: No action.

9. February 5, 1990; **H.R. 3950.**

*Entitled, the "Food and Agricultural Resources Act of 1990".*

This Act may be cited as the "**Food and Agricultural Resources Act of 1990**". Title VIII Sections 1301 through 1306 amends several Acts by striking "1990" and inserting "1995". Appropriations for several sections of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 are increased.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Agriculture.

SPONSOR: De La Garza.

STATUS: No action.



## Assistive Animals

10. February 7, 1990; **S. 2100**

*To increase the rates of compensation for veterans with service-connected disabilities and the rates of dependency and indemnity compensation for the survivors of certain disabled veterans; to amend title 38, United States Code, to improve veterans' compensation, health-care, insurance, and housing programs, and to provide for transitional group residences for veterans recovering from substance-abuse disabilities; and for other purposes.*

Section 225 discusses a pilot program for making assistive animals available to certain veterans. Assistive monkeys and service dogs may be provided under the pilot program which will be conducted during fiscal years 1991, 1992, 1993, and 1994. Veterans must be well suited to carry out the responsibilities for the animal's care and must effectively use the animal for assistance in performing daily living tasks. The Secretary of Veterans' Affairs shall provide for the welfare of the assistive animals and must evaluate the pilot program with regard to cost effectiveness and benefits gained by the veterans, and must make recommendations as to the continuance of the program.

SENATE COMMITTEE: Veterans' Affairs.

SPONSOR: Cranston.

STATUS: No action.

RELATED BILLS: S. 13 September 1989,  
H.R. 2044 April 1989.

## Exhibition Animals

11. October 26, 1990; **H.R. 5947**.

*To provide for the humane treatment of animals used for exhibition purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**Exhibition Animal Protection Act**". It is unlawful for any person to injure, kill, or cause behavioral stress, pain or suffering to any animal to be used or exhibited at a carnival, circus, zoo, rodeo, animal act, educational exhibit, or for the making of a film. Animals used for these purposes must not be overbred, and must be provided with a physical environment adequate to promote the animals' psychological wellbeing. An advisory board consisting of one veterinarian, two licensed exhibitors, two representatives of duly incorporated animal protection organizations, and one representative of the film industry will assist in overseeing implementation of this Act.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Agriculture.

SPONSOR: Kostmayer.

STATUS: No action.

12. February 7, 1990; **H.R. 3984.**

*To amend the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 to provide for State disapproval of issuance of permits for the taking of marine mammals in State waters.*

This Act may be cited as the "Marine Mammal Public Display Reform Act of 1990". Permits for the taking of marine mammals for public display may be denied if the Governor of the State submits a notice of State disapproval.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

SPONSOR: Goss.

STATUS: No action.

## Marine Mammals

13. May 15, 1990; **H.Con.Res. 329.**

*Calling for United States sanctions against nations which conduct unjustified lethal whale research, and otherwise expressing the sense of the Congress with regard to nations which violate the International Whaling Commission moratorium on commercial whaling by killing whales under the guise of scientific research.*

Continued whaling and marketing of whale meat are in violation of the International Whaling Commission moratorium on commercial whaling. The President should convince whaling nations to comply with the policies of the International Whaling Commission. Member nations of the International Whaling Commission should work for long-term solutions to the problems faced by the Commission.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Foreign Affairs.

SPONSOR: Yatron.

STATUS: No action.

14. May 8, 1990; **H.R. 4740.**

*To authorize the Secretary of Commerce to make loans for research into the development of dolphin-safe tuna catching equipment, to ban the import of tuna products caught with equipment which involves the taking of dolphins, to call for an international convention to protect dolphins, and for other purposes.*



Loans may be provided to any interested qualified person for research into tuna catching equipment which does not involve the harassment or taking of dolphins. Importation of tuna products is unlawful if the tuna have been caught with equipment which involves the taking of dolphins. An international convention is to be established and is directed to reduce dolphin kills in the taking of tuna and to promote dolphin conservation.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Referred jointly to Merchant Marine and Fisheries, Ways and Means, and Foreign Affairs.

SPONSOR: Bates.

STATUS: No action.

15. May 3, 1990; **S.Con.Res. 126.**

*Calling for a United States policy of promoting the continuation, for a minimum of an additional 10 years, of the International Whaling Commission's moratorium on the commercial killing of whales, and otherwise expressing the sense of the Congress with respect to conserving and protecting the world's whale populations.*

Congress recommends that the United States should protect the world's whale population to the fullest, work to continue the International Whaling Commission's moratorium, and work to strengthen the International Whaling Commission. In order to promote the maximum protection and conservation of the world's whale populations, the United States Congress is calling for the continuation of the International Whaling Commission's moratorium on the commercial killing of whales for a minimum of an additional 10 years.

SENATE COMMITTEE: Foreign Relations.

SPONSOR: Lieberman.

STATUS: No action. House version agreed upon in House June 13, 1990.

PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED AS: H.Con.Res. 287 March 1990.

16. March 5, 1990; **S.Con.Res. 100.**

*In support of regional efforts to end driftnet fishing in the South Pacific.*

The United States should support regional efforts to protect the South Pacific from the indiscriminate slaughter of albacore tuna, porpoises, whales, seals, and other marine mammals, sea birds, sea turtles, and nontargeted fish caused by driftnet fishing. Congress urges the formulation of an international convention banning driftnet fishing in that region.

SENATE COMMITTEE: Foreign Relations.

SPONSOR: Inouye.

STATUS: No action.

17. January 30, 1990; **S. 2044**.  
*To require tuna products to be labeled respecting the method used to catch the tuna, and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**Dolphin Protection Consumer Information Act of 1990**". Any tuna caught with drift gill nets of more than one and one-half miles in total length, purse seine nets set in the Eastern Tropical Pacific Ocean, unless certified as "Dolphin Safe", or purse seine nets set on dolphin, or any methods which kill, harass or endanger dolphins, shall be labelled as follows: "THE TUNA IN THIS PRODUCT WAS CAUGHT WITH METHODS THAT KILL DOLPHINS".

SENATE COMMITTEE: Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

SPONSOR: Biden.

STATUS: No action.

## Patents

18. September 12, 1990; **H.R. 5598**.  
*To amend title 35, United State Code, to provide certain improvements to the patent law.*

This Act may be cited as the "**Patent Competitiveness and Technological Innovation Act of 1990**". Title II is cited as the "**Transgenic Animal Patent Improvement Act**". A new subsection is added to section 271 of title 35 of the United States Code. This section stipulates that it is not an act of infringement for a person to reproduce a patented transgenic farm animal by conventional means, or to sell the animal or the reproductive material (i.e., sperm, eggs, embryos) of the animal in the farming operation.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Referred jointly to the Judiciary and Science, Space, and Technology.

SPONSOR: Kastenmeier.

STATUS: No action.

19. February 26, 1990; **S. 2169**.  
*To amend title 35, United States Code, to impose a five-year moratorium on the granting of patents on genetically altered or modified animals in order to establish a Federal regulatory and review process to deal with the economic, environmental, and ethical issues raised by the patenting of such animals.*

Congress finds that the issue of patenting genetically engineered animals raises profound ethical, environmental and economic issues which have not been adequately addressed by Congress. It is recommended that no genetically engineered animal be patented over a five-year period. Restrictions shall not apply if and when a Federal regulatory review has imposed environmental, health and safety, and ethical standards on the patenting and commercialization of an animal.

SENATE COMMITTEE: Judiciary.

SPONSOR: Hatfield.

STATUS: No action.

RELATED BILLS: H.R. 1557 March 1989,  
H.R. 1556 March 1989.

## Wildlife

20. September 26, 1990; **H.R. 5254.**

*To authorize appropriations to carry out the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Act of 1980 for fiscal years 1991 and 1992.*

Section 11 of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Act of 1980 is amended by striking "and 1990" and inserting "1990, 1991, and 1992".

SENATE COMMITTEE: Environment and Public Works.

SPONSOR: Studds.

STATUS: Passed House of Representatives September 24, 1990.

21. September 12, 1990; **H.R. 5603.**

*A bill to provide for a revised biological opinion on the impact of the proposed Mount Graham astrophysical observatory on the endangered Mount Graham red squirrel.*

The U.S. Forest Service in conjunction with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service will assess the impact of the proposed astrophysical observatory located on Mount Graham on the endangered Mount Graham red squirrel. Until this assessment has been completed, no further construction of the facility shall occur.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Referred jointly to Merchant Marine and Fisheries, and Interior and Insular Affairs.

SPONSOR: Studds.

STATUS: No action.

22. August 2, 1990; S. 2953.

*To provide relief to shrimp fishermen from economic hardship caused by the mandatory use of turtle excluder devices under the Endangered Species Act and for other purposes.*

This Act may be referred to as the "**Trawlers Relief and Working Livelihood Act of 1990**". Section 5 outlines the turtle headstart program. The goal of this program is the release of endangered and threatened sea turtles back into the Gulf of Mexico and other specified locations. Captive maintenance facilities will be constructed for the headstart program.

SENATE COMMITTEE: Finance.

SPONSOR: Johnston.

STATUS: No action.

23. July 20, 1990; H.R. 5328.

*To provide for the development of a comprehensive plan for monitoring and research on migratory nongame birds in the Western Hemisphere, to request the President to seek the declaration of a World Decade of Ornithology, and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**Bird Conservation Research Act**". A plan will be developed which will include monitoring, research and management of migratory nongame birds in the Western Hemisphere. Bird populations will be monitored for signs of decline and investigations initiated into the causes of the decline. A World Decade of Ornithology is proposed to begin on January 1, 1991 to recognize the importance of the role of birds in the world environment.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

SPONSOR: Buechner.

STATUS: No action.

24. July 19, 1990; S. 2880.

*To allow the secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture or other appropriate official to protect persons engaged in a lawful hunt within a national forest or on other lands affected with a Federal interest; establishing an administrative civil remedy against individuals or groups intentionally obstructing, impeding, or interfering with the conduct of a lawful hunt; and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**National Forest Hunter Safety and Protection Act of 1990**". No person shall obstruct, impede or interfere with a lawful hunt within national forests or other Federal lands or affect wildlife for the purpose of disrupting a lawful hunt.



HOUSE COMMITTEE: Environment and Public Works.

SPONSOR: Burns.

STATUS: No action.

25. July 18, 1990; **H.R. 5295.**

*To provide for designation by the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture of an ancient forest reserve system, including lands managed by the Bureau of Land Management and portions of national forests established by reservations from the public domain; to require the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture to enhance economic stability in the Pacific Northwest; and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**Ancient Forest Act of 1990**". The purposes of the Act include: 1) providing for the management of Federal lands to protect old growth forest ecosystems, 2) ensuring the viability and recovery of the Northern Spotted Owl, and 3) maintaining the economy of the Northwest by providing a stable supply of timber.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Referred jointly to Interior and Insular Affairs and Agriculture.

SPONSOR: Ventro.

STATUS: No action.

26. June 21, 1990; **H.R. 5116.**

*To require the development and consideration of alternatives for the conservation of the Northern Spotted Owl, and for other purposes.*

To prevent considerable reductions in timber production and related employment, an alternative conservation plan for the Northern Spotted Owl is recommended. Alternative forest management techniques include reducing timber harvesting throughout the region (Oregon, Washington, and Northern California) and reducing the fragmentation of ecologically significant old growth forests.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Referred jointly to Agriculture, Interior and Insular Affairs, and Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

SPONSOR: DeFazio.

STATUS: No action.

27. May 24, 1990; **H.R. 4948.**

*To amend the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act of 1966 to improve management of the National Wildlife Refuge System, and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**National Wildlife Refuge System Act of 1990**". While National Wildlife Refuges set aside Federal lands to preserve, restore, and manage fish and wildlife, certain activities may occur which harm the fish and wildlife resources. Effective conservation programs must be developed, implemented, and enforced. Regulations shall be issued which will be used to determine if an existing or proposed refuge is compatible with the purposes for which it was established. Programs and strategies will be developed to provide quality habitats for fish and wildlife, maintain viable populations of wildlife, and provide for wildlife-oriented public recreation and education.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

SPONSOR: Studds.

STATUS: No action.

28. May 22, 1990; **S. 2674.**

*To provide for the reestablishment of the gray wolf in Yellowstone National Park and the Central Idaho Wilderness Areas.*

This Act may be referred to as the "**Northern Rocky Mountain Gray Wolf Restoration Act of 1990**". Three Alpha pairs of gray wolves are to be introduced into Yellowstone National Park and portions of Idaho, Montana, and Wyoming. Wolves will be equipped with radio collars for monitoring purposes. Natural recolonization of the wolves will be permitted within the designated areas.

SENATE COMMITTEE: Energy and Natural Resources.

SPONSOR: McClure.

STATUS: No action.

29. May 1, 1990; **H.R. 4700.**

*To provide for the restoration of fish and wildlife and their habitat impacted by the Central Valley Project, and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**California Fish and Wildlife Protection Act of 1990**". The purposes of this Act include: 1) preservation, restoration, and enhancement of fish and wildlife and their habitats in the Central Valley, 2) restoring waterfowl and other migratory birds by the year 2000, 3) restoring fish populations, and 4) protecting endangered species and their habitats.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Referred jointly to Interior and Insular Affairs and Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

SPONSOR: Miller.

STATUS: No action.

30. April 24, 1990; **H.R. 4604.**

*To end the use of steel jaw leghold traps on animals in the United States.*

It is unlawful to import, export, ship, or receive any article of fur of an animal caught in a steel jaw leghold trap. It is unlawful to transport by any means in interstate or foreign commerce, or purchase, sell, acquire or receive any steel jaw leghold trap.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Energy and Commerce.

SPONSOR: Scheuer.

STATUS: No action.

RELATED BILLS: S. 2239 March 1982.

31. April 19, 1990; **H.R. 4563.**

*To amend the African Elephant Conservation Act to prohibit importation of fish and wildlife from the People's Republic of China if that country does not withdraw their reservation regarding listing the African elephant as an endangered species under Appendix I of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora.*

This Act may be cited as the "**African Elephant Preservation Act of 1990**". If the People's Republic of China does not withdraw its reservation under CITES regarding transferring the African elephant to Appendix I which dictates strict regulation of trade in that species so as not to further endanger their survival, then the President of the United States shall direct the Secretary of the Treasury to prohibit importation of fish and wildlife products from the People's Republic of China.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Referred jointly to Merchant Marine and Fisheries and Ways and Means.

SPONSOR: Fields.

STATUS: No action.

32. April 15, 1990; S. 2447.  
*To establish the Bayou Cocodrie National Wildlife Refuge.*

The Bayou Cocodrie area contains some of the least disturbed bottomland hardwood forest in the Southeast and provides habitats for over 150 species of birds and many types of wildlife. The refuge will provide for the conservation and management of wetlands and wildlife, and for fish and wildlife-oriented recreational activities.

SENATE COMMITTEE: Environment and Public Works.

SPONSOR: Johnston.

STATUS: No action.



**PUBLIC LAWS RELATING TO ANIMAL WELFARE**  
**101st CONGRESS**  
**1990**

**Pets**

33. July 6, 1990; S. 2830.

*To extend and revise agricultural price support and related programs, to provide for agricultural export, resource conservation, farm credit, and agricultural research and related programs, to ensure consumers an abundance of food and fiber at reasonable prices, and for other purposes.*

This Act may be cited as the "**Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990**". Section 1481 may be cited as the "**Pet Theft Act of 1990**". This section amends the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C. 2131 et seq.) by adding a section on protection of pets. A dealer may not obtain any live random source dog or cat from a source other than a City, County or State pound, a private entity under contract with a State, City or County that operates a pound or shelter, a registered research facility, an individual who has bred and raised the animals on his or her own premises, or another Class B licensee. Any animal sold by a dealer must have valid certification.

SPONSOR: Leahy.

STATUS: Became **Public Law 101-624** on November 28, 1990.

RELATED BILLS: S. 2386 March 1990,  
S. 1457 June 1987,  
H.R. 4871 May 1986.

34. February 26, 1990; S.J. Res. 236.

*Designating May 6 through 12, 1990 as "Be Kind to Animals and National Pet Week".*

Congress designates May 6 through 12, 1990 as "Be Kind to Animals and National Pet Week" to celebrate the firm commitment of the people of the United States to responsible pet ownership and humane education.

SPONSOR: Wilson.

STATUS: Became **Public Law 101-282** on May 8, 1990.

PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED AS: H.J.Res. 458 January 1990.

35. February 26, 1990; **S.J. Res. 229.**  
*To designate April 1990 as "National Prevent-A-Litter Month".*

In response to the pet overpopulation problem in the United States, congress designates April 1990 as "National Prevent-A-Litter Month".

SPONSOR: Cranston.

STATUS: Became **Public Law 101-261** on March 30, 1990.

## Wildlife

36. September 27, 1990; **H.R. 4559.**  
*To establish the Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area.*

Management of this area shall be in accordance with existing land policy and management Acts including those relating to the management of wild free-roaming horses and burros. Hunting restrictions may be implemented in certain zones for reasons of public safety, administration, or public use and enjoyment. The management plan will include wildlife resource management and wild horse and burro herd management.

HOUSE COMMITTEE: Energy and Natural Resources.

SPONSOR: Bilbray.

STATUS: Became **Public Law 101-621** on November 16, 1990.

PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED AS: S. 2464 April 1990.



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